

External Supply

Domestic boosters cannot compensate for undersized meters and water lines. Increasing pressure does not increase volume. Ensure the incoming volume is sufficient for the demand of the home.

- 1. Meter size
- 2. Supply line diameter and length
- 3. Protection from freezing



Internal System

- ☐ A properly sized thermal expansion tank or equivalent is required for tank heater systems.
- ☐ System Expansion Tank (provided by others) precharge adjusted to new boost static pressure. *
- ☐ RO systems must be down stream of booster.
- □ 12"-15" of open space in front of the Scala 2 unit is required
- ☐ 1" x 24" Braided flexible connection lines. Do not kink.
- ☐ Scala unit is securely mounted to the floor.
- ☐ Min 10" straight pipe to suction port.
- ☐ No hard 90° fittings (use sweeps) after 10" straight pipe.
- ☐ Avoid PEX insert fittings smaller than 1" at or near the pump.
- ☐ Min 24" before transition to smaller diameter pipe
- ☐ No pipe dope or hard sealants on poly threads
- ☐ Hand tight unions. No tools.
- ☐ Pump is fully primed before activation. Approximately .5 gal.
- ☐ Scala unit is not connected to a GCFI outlet.
- ☐ Water hammer protection may be necessary.
- ☐ Scala 2 internal tank set to 70% new static pressure. (See Graphic)



*Expansion tank pressures can only be measured and adjusted when the tank is isolated from the plumbing system. Remove before pressurizing.

